in my Jones

New Haven, Connecticut april 3, 1898

Last right I experienced a vision. I was in my study, preparing a gloss of Wolfram von Eschenbach's Pargifal for Professor Zeiler's vernacular lit. beminar. I was sipping claret, and a half-filled glass sat before me on my desk. I had reached the place in the narrative where Perceval, the holy innocent, first beholds

"a thing called the Grail,
Which passes all easthly perfection."

-when all at once the room seemed to
grow brighter. At first I thought it
was a surge in the gas line; then I
remembered that at Mary's insistence
we were living in a modern building, lit by electricity.

It was my wine glass that was glowing - string with a light more

incandoscent than a donen electric bulls. and then before my eyes (and I had not drunk to excess), the versel rose from the table and began to flicker. One moment it show like the full moon and seemed to have a now of pearls about its rim; then in the blink of an eye it turned to tarnished metal and in place of the pearls appeared uniting; in the see next instant it looked to he made of wood . Und the room was filled with a roice that wared like a torpado and yet whispered like a lovers secret; and it said, "Henry Jones, as knights of old sought this treasure, so shall you!" and their - the entire incideut could not have lasted ten suonds - The room was sheut, and my glass was a glass once more.

now, I am not a religious man, nor am I given to helief in "signs and wonders." But I cannot deny what my eyes saw, nor what I heard with my own ears. There is no question in my heart that I have received a calling. I have been sent upon a quest. I, Henry Jones, have been granted an opportunity to find that prine of the centuries, that shining object of man's spiritual yearning since the time of King arthur-the Holy Grail.

From this day I devote my life, my fortime and my scholarly efforts to the fulfill ment of this anesone commission. I shall find the Holy Grail if it takes me a lifetime, and this book shall be a

record of my quest. Would that I prove worthy! Western Massachusetts August 24, 1900

In a sleeping car about the Lakes

Flyer, returning home from the conforence of the Association of American

Medievalists. I. am anxious to be home
with my wife and my infant son. Never
again will I be such a raif as to believe that a document certifying one as
a Doctor of something-on-other represents an automatic conferral of dignity
and respect.

My conference paper was greeted with embarrassment, exepticism and sidicule. My colleagues are unanimous in their helief that the Holy Grail is a fairy tale; that I would better serve scholar ship by Fridying the inventories of manarial estates or the effects of the Black Death on the development

of cities-worthy subjects, I suppose, if one wishes to be an academic drudge, if one possesses no imagination, no inner fire, no... vision. But I am heartened by the knowledge that schliemann was likewise mocked when he set out to find the mins of Troy. Toujours l'andace!

What poses more of an obstacle than the spepticism of colleagues is the sparse and contradictory nature of existing accounts of the Grail. There is no certainty as to what it looks like, or even what it is. The primary legend, of course, has it as a wine cup - the cup used by Christ at the Last supper, in which Joseph of arimathea caught His blood when He was crucified. Yet the word grail, or graal could mean a widemouthed shallow vessel"- not a cup

hut a bowl. In some accounts it is not a vessel at all, but a stone. Indeed, Wolf-ram calls it Lapsit excellis, by which he may mean lapis ex evelis (stone from heaven) or perhaps lapis exilis, the "philosopher's stone" of the alchemists, by which all things are possible.

chrétien de Troyes (late 12th century) is the earliest author to use the word. "grail." Chrétien's grail is "of pure gold and richly set with precions stones."

From it streamed such pure light that "the luster of candles was dimmed."

Notram von Eschenbach, a generation later, describes it as a stone fallen from heaven, carried on a piece of green silk. Wolfram maintains he heard the legend from a ministrel manuel Kyot, or Gyot; who found it in Spain in a work my a Sewish astrologer, written in a

"heathen tonque" (probably Cirabic or Hebrew). Pobert de Boron and other 14th century uniters offer no specific description but clearly have it as a cup, not a bowl. They till us that it appeared in a vision to King arthur and his knights, covered with a cloth of white velvet. It seemed to "glow with its own light" it gave of a pleasing fragrance" and dispensed food to the company.

Sir Thomas Malory a century later speaks of this vision, but the white cloth is described as volvet, not sitk. Maddeningly, Sir Thomas of fers no description either; but maintains that Sir Galahad found the grail on a silver table, contained in a obest covered with precious stones.

Such a bundle of contradictions!

Percause of this uncertainty as to the very appearance of the diet of my Quest, I shall reserve the following pages of this diary as a ready reference for various descriptions and accounts of the Grail, so that I may by comparing them better he able to evaluate their accuracy.

Evaluate Their accuracy.

I have underlined

The specific elements

the specific trois that

the specific are most

of the description

pertinent.



tragment in Old Frish found in alley of Cantaney, Britany 7/8/06, attrib. to survivor of the each of I ona by the Vikings in the ninth century. Obvious linglo-Saxon influence, but parchinent, inh and thele of illumination seem to indicate authenticity. (Translation light. T.): Their ships like sharks, like shades Rumbled like whales that walked on the water; Their thursty axes, slaked on our blood. Ran with red in the endless night. and the holy books they set to the torch, Throwing montand manuscript alike on the flame; The ward and the flesh to perish together ... Carven of wood from the true of peace On salver of silver, on samute of emerald, Borne to our house by Gal haut the Pure In the days of Certhiur, when fair

This holiest of relices they ravished away To their land of darkness where the Devil is lord.

Of the identity of "the Cup of Our Lord;"
there can be do doubt! "True of that it is
peace " would seem to imply that it is made of clivewood. The halver (tray) of silver " and "samite (silken cloth) of enerald" are identical with the silver table and green doth described by Chrétien and others. "Logres" is Britain; while "Galhaut" is sione other than \$ 4in Galahad himself!

Muhammad Ali al-Jawf Museum of Islam Baghdad, Iraq

## 14 November 1909

In Qom recently I had the occasion to examine a Dear Dr. Jones: Persian manuscript of Nur ed-Din al-Musafir, a remarkable figure of the twelfth century of your calendar who traveled extensively in Asia, Africa and Europe. It contained this fragment found in no other edition of al-Musafir known to me. Being aware of your special interest in the item he discusses, I took the liberty of translating it "Also at Cordoba I met a man who claimed to have seen the vessel that is said to have caught the

life's blood of the prophet Isa (Jesus):... A

shallow bowl of pewter, dented in many places, engraved with a design of grapes and grape leaves as well as writing in the script of the Jews. (It was) wrapped in a cloth of golden silk, and seemed to glow with its own light when the cloth was removed. Where on Allah's earth he saw this marvel

the man would not say; only that it was near the source of a river which he reached after traveling I hope this is of more than passing interest to you.

Peace be upon you,

Circuito sul quale si deve fare Indicazioni d'urgenza l'inoltro del telegramma Ufficio Telegrafico di ROMA Qualifica : Destinazione : Provenienza : Numero : Parole Data della presentazione Indicazioni eventualli d'istradamento d'ufficio 2/21/12

HAVE OBTAINED JOURNAL PAOLO OF GENOA 13TH CENTURY MERCHANT STOP RELATES ADVENTURES AMOUNG TURKISH TRIBES CENTRAL ASIA STOP TRIBESMAN TOLD HIM OF SEEING LARGE CERAMIC DRINKING CUP GLOWED LIKE MOONLIGHT OBSCURE LOCATION GUARDED BY CHRISTIAN KNIGHT AND LETHAL PROTECTIVE DEVICES STOP PAOLO CONJECTURES HG STOP VISITING AMERICA THIS SPRING WILL BRING IT FOR YOUR EXAMINATION STOP SATILING APRIL ON NEW BRITISH LINER TITANIC STOP CODIROLLI

Il Governo Italiano e la Società Italcable non assumono alcuna responsabilità civile in conseguenza delservizo cablografico telegrafico e radioelettrico.

Professor Charles B. Hawken of Oxford spoke on his researches near Abergavenney, Wales. He has found fragments of a journal kept by a Christian hermit in the Welsh mountains in the early 8th century. The journal illuminates several aspects of piety and religious practice of the British people during the Dark Ages. Of especial interest is the account of a vision, experienced in the year 717 or 719 by this anonymous chronicler, of the Holy Grail of Arthurian legend: "...the humble wooden cup that held God's blood, which resided at Avalon in the days of King Arthur, carven with holy symbols and shining with the light of grace."

Toher barr

5-7-15: Clipped from the Celtic Scholar,
spring issue, concerning a conference on
Leltic-British literature after the Sayon
invasions. Must get to England to meet
invasions must get to England to over.
Hawken once this European war is over.
Young Brody must certainly know kinn.

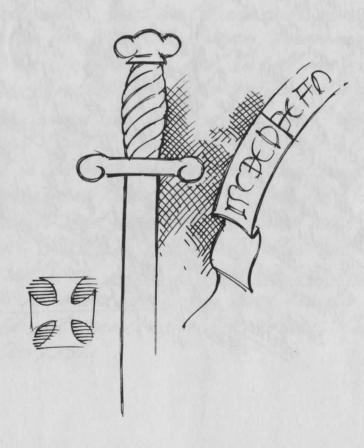
Verse fragment in the Welsh language attributed to Taliesin, sung by a shepherd and folklorist at Modeldry, Wales and translated by H.J., 1/3/20:

Bright as the form of the sea,
Bright as the minor of Bronwyn,
Fragrant as the flesh of Bladenwedd,
Mighty as the sword of Bran;
Carven with spells of blessing
In the shrouded tongue of the East,
This vessel, the coracle of God
Trines out the old before the new.

NB: A covacle is a round boat such as are Fill employed by fisher folk in Wales and western England; and thus Talies in verse would seem to support the theory that the Grail is a howl, not a cup.

\* The native Welshmentell me that this word would be more accurately rendered as "frothy" or "crystalline" or "lumines-

cent: "In any case it describes a quality of appearance and should not be taken as a reference to the metal silver.



we library the die hand. Trans. Later and weer sted by filter of the confidence of the same of the The the cross who have a described a vision of Joseph of and him and a described a vision of Joseph of and him and a described a vision of Joseph of and him a described and him a describ armatua, who held a chalice of branch to catch our serves blood and on it was insouhed as it seemed in Take ye, and so it seemed in Take ye.

Except from the journal of Byzantine merchant in Kier, early-10th century, translated by G. Codinolli and shown to me 9-29-20

... And though the Kurgdom of Rus is pagan, there are many Christians among its people, and Pows and Garaceus as well. and in the market a man, knowing me to be a Christian, offered to sell me a chalice which he said was the body cup that caught the blook of our Lord lesus Christ. But I have been to Lerusalem, and to antioch, and many liars and charlatans pane tried to sell me lones of saints and pieces of the Cross and pagments of Christ's garments. And the cup he had was plain of base metal and with no ornamentation, and surely could not have been the glorious Cup of Our Lord ...

2 June 1923

Dear Henry, I was reminded of you today in an inexpected fashion I was taking tea with Sir a \_\_\_\_ -, a gentleman but no scholar, who in his youth was a confident of Sir Richard Burton, The late adventurer and linguist. as you know, upon Sir Richard's death Lady Burton Gurned many of his priceless journals of his travels in the Orient, holding them to be lascirious and obscene. Now, Sir a \_\_\_\_ informs me that he mas able to rescue a few of Sir Richards frag-ments from the fire, and one that he described would be of interest to you alt seems that a Sufi master in some Mohammedan land told Sir Richard that he knew the location of the ceramic bowl " the infidels revere as the Grail" that it had "heathen designs on it" and writing that was not aralic, "nor was it in the script of the Jours or the Greeks or any other he had ever seen. "Unfarturately, the surviving fragment game no clue of where this Moor had seen the nessel; only that he had traveled "eastward from the city" and referred also to " passing the three trials. The rest was

day when your search should living you leach to

England. Il remaine as ever,

Eleanora Ferrers-Lausdonne

## New Gospel's **Authenticity Disputed**

ALEXANDRIA (Reuters)— Experts examining the so-called "Gospel of Joseph of Arimathea" unearthed last month have cast doubt on the document's genuineness, British Museum sources reported today.

The manuscript, discovered in the ruins of Kozra, an early Christian colony being excavated by archaeologists south of here, is a previously unknown account of the life of Christ attributed to Joseph of Arimathea, the "rich man" who buried Jesus after the crucifixion as recounted in the New Testament.

The papyrus scroll, written in the Coptic language of ancient Egypt, was hailed by churchmen and lay scholars alike as "the find of the millenium" when made public by Dr. Robert Hawes of Ivy University, leader of the team that made the discovery. But other expert sources close to the Hawes expedition are of the opinion that the docu-

ment was written no earlier than the late 2nd century A.D., and possibly as late as the 7th century.

"As an eyewitness account the 'Joseph' papyrus just doesn't ring true," said one knowledgeable source who requested anonymity. "It smacks too much of medieval fable. That holy-grail business simply has no place in early-Christian literature."

The so-called Holy Grail, the wine cup said to have been used by Jesus at the Last Supper and by Joseph to catch the blood of Jesus as he died on the Cross, figures prominently in the manuscript. Joseph describes it as a plain, shallow vessel of bronze, which forever after its association with Jesus "gave forth sweet odours and glowed with the light of heaven."

The Grail became an object of veneration and knightly quest in the tales of King Arthur and other legends of the middle ages.

Fable, my hind foot! Must speak to Haves at earliest opportunity!

uL

the

## WOLFGANG S. STAUBIG, PH.D. HEIDELBERG • DEUTSCHLAND

14 September, 1932

My dear Dr. Jones,

I would apologize for my long silence, were I not certain that my news will render apologies superfluous. While on holiday last month in Dubrovnik, I found in an antiquarian bookstore an apparently genuine manuscript of The Book of the Spells of Merlin. As you know, the last known copy of this forbidden compendium of Celtic magic was burned by the Inquisition in 1384, and so my copy may be unique.

I would be pleased to allow you to examine the manuscript on your next visit, but I thought you would be eager to learn that among its contents is a purported illumination of an object of particular interest to you. It is described as a chalice of pewter with a flared base. Around the circumference below the lip are etched in Aramaic the words "av bar ruach ha-kodesh"—father, son, holy ghost. A fitting formula for a work

attributed to a sorcerer, you will agree, as this early Christian invocation is believed to be the origin of the magician's "abracadabra."

In the text, "Merlin" offers an incantation for conjuring up an image of the vessel. Unfortunately this spell is rendered not in Latin transliteration but in runic characters; and the monastic copyists, apparently unfamiliar with the arcane symbols, have rendered them to gibberish. Professor O'Lochlainn of Dublin is eager to attempt a restoration of the runes, and a young French scholar named Belloq has expressed a similar desire. (Do you know him, by the way? His erudition is impressive, but I find distasteful his association with certain political elements in my country.)

In any event, I hope this felicitous discovery will soon occasion a visit. It has been entirely too long, Dr. Jones, since you and I last toasted one another's health.

Yours most truly.

Staubig Staubig

Las Mesas, Colorado Movember 14, 1905

The seeds I planted on my ruro pean journey this summer are beginning to hear puit: received today a most unteresting letter from Marcus Brody, a young scholar I met at Oxford. He informs me that the alway of Cantaney on the coast of Brittany is in possession of some old Tries manuscripts, one of which is said to refer to the Grail and as a genuine object, not a legend. I cannot wait to return next year to confirm!

Ot last I feel that my Quest has truly begun. When I think of the tenights single-minded dedication of the tenights of King arthur's court, who seem to have interrupted their own pursuit of the Grail only to slay the occasional dragon ar to rescue a castle full of maidens now and then, it is plain that not one among the lot of them was ever troubled with the recessities of support-ing a wife and young son.

To be fair, I have no dragins to contend with on my quest-only the acasional make. Right now Junior is sulfing in his room, to which he has been Varished after aringing frome a nather large specimen withich some how found it's way into my desk drawer. He is quite an intrepid dild-when not hunting rodents in the cellar ar running with the Indian dildren from the reservation. he is usually finding some trouble to get unto. Yet he is smart as a whip-already he can count to twenty in Latin and Greek and swear resoundingly in Maraho) - and I am confident that I can make a setrolar of him.

auberge d'Écume Cantanen, France July 8, 1906

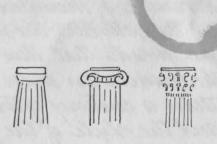
Bredy was right. The abbey here is a treasure trove. Funding the itent in question took some digging, but with such results! The Grail is genuine, and before me this mery after poore was proof: a fragment of verse written by a survivor of the Vikings sack of the monastery of Iona. The Grail was actually in the possession of that holy community for three centuries after the time of King arthur, brought there by Talahad after Gaxor raids and Mondred's treachery had destrayed Camelot.

But after then, where? Could the Vikings have taken it to norway? Might They have lost or discarded in once of their subsequent raids? They roved as for east as Russia and as far south as Africa.

I dare not believe that it was lost

24 Mary just returned to our room with

uniar, who by now must have over inpuper, M. Roland de Haie, confirmed in his welles that americans are savages and quite untamable - at least when armed with a sling heat. We shall have to find new accommodations tomonow. Fortunately home. de Haies cat seems none the worse for the encounter, and we shall not have to pay damages for our land lord's "priceless thir-Teenth-century vase" - which by its cross nection clearly proved to be of considerably more recent origin and of no value whatluer.



Gasthof Triil selig Klasenheim, Austria-Hungary Vuly 16, 1906

acting on information from a work at Cantainey that the castle there contarned artifacts relating to the grail legend, I traveled here to see on myself. There is a printing in the chapel by a Franciscan friar, with an interesting legand connected to it. Local tradition has it that the friar received his account of the mail from a tenight of the first cru sade who claimed that the and his brallers had actually found the holy relic some where "in a conjon deep in a range of uncuntains."

The scholar, the logical man within me, in sits that this tale is pure rubbish: The Franciscan order was founded more than a century after the first orusade; and the Tyle of the painting clearly

indicates that it could not have been rendered any earlier than the mid-13th century-meaning that this knight must have been more than 150 years old. But the dreamer, the spiritual nan vithin noe, hears such a tale as a confirmation of its truth-that the Grail does indeed comper eternal life on the one who fulfills its quest!

an now soaking in an ancient castiron hathitul in the village inn. What an
extracting trip by mule-drawn cast, up
the mountain to the castle and back
again! I think of my son, deceptively
sleeping the sleep of the innocent in
our soom down the hall, and pray that
he shall never have to undertake so

arduous a journey.

Las Mesas. Colonado February 22, 1912

Can'it really have been six years since my last entry? Could academic obligations, lack of founds and the responsililaties of fatherhood truly have kept me so long from pursuit of my quest! Warst of all has been Mary's Tragic death, a blow from which neither I un Junior have the yet recovered. I pear I am unfit to raise a son alone-Junior grows wilder and more undisciplined by the month- yet my heart will not admit any other woman to take Mary's cherished place.

Recessity may have required me to devote these years to more conventional scholarship and to my teaching duties, but I have not by any means forsaken my sacred affirmation. It seems I am not the only scholar in

pursuit of this "fable". There are other "crachpots" with share my passion, and still others who, though skeptical, nevertheless indulge my unconventional inter-est and keep me apprised of new discoveries concerning the love of the Grail. Perhaps there is more romance in their souls than they would care to reveal to their respective institutions. Besides young Brody at Offord, There is Stanling in Germany, the Eminant Byzantine scholar Codirolli at Bologna, even an arab in Baghdad who has been so kind as to pass along relevant information to this infidel. Most arrange to meet them all on my next sabbatical. Today I received a cable from Codirolli, occas unung this long-overdue entry. I am most lager to see the journal of this Paolo of Gerioa he is bringing on his lechere lour. He is to sail on the maiden voyage of this new luxury liver Titauric

that has been so much in the news This winter. I am me envious!

Las Mesas May 22, 1912

Cadirolli is a marvel. Not only did he survive the sinting of the unsinkable" vessel and the loss of the Paolo manuscript to Mr. Davy Jones; he has descended upon this forsaken patch of sand and presented me with a document he found in Constantinople that may have an even greater bearing on my Quest! Codirolli is lecturing on the west coast and will be taking the parchment with him when he returns This way next month, but in the meantime he left it here for me to make a facsurile copy.

The parchment was found among other documents in a tin hox secreted in a wall of the great basilica of St. sophia, and would appear to date from

The mid-13th century. The picture seems to represent a stained glass window, but the significance of the Roman numeral's quite escapes me. They may have some connection with the writing on the reverse side of the parchment. It! is in the Coptic alphabet of the early Egyptian Christian church, but the serie of it is not Coptic, and it appears to be some sent of cipher. What led God irolli to infer its connection with my quest is the drawing at The top of the inciphered page. Though crudely rendered, it is a drinking vessel of some kind, and on it is written in good aramaic - the lanquage of Judea at the time of Christ-

I have little hope of fuduy intact The stained-glass window I have depicted elsewhere. In all likelihood it has long since been des troyed. But the cipher may provide a clue-perhaps to

the location of the sacred relic itself. Codirolli is an elegant old quitleman, and he seems to have led quite an adrenturous life, assuming that The stories he told on that vinous evening last week were more than just the wild exaggerations of a Baron Munchousen. I admit I was almost as wide-eyed as Junior when he wastellmy his tales. Unfortunately my son tends to be overly excited by stones of high adventure! Certainly it was lodirollis recounting of his escapade in the Jultais harem and his escape down a rope made of - but I am becoming indiscreet - that inspired Junior to steal that spanish cross this afternoon. I bear he may be too rash ever to make a good scholar-but perhaps it is just his youll.

Philadel plua august 19, 1916

It has been a bleak year in every respect. First the European war, which again has occasioned the postponement of my long auticipaled year of research. Then came my estrangement from Junior, which has caused such grievous injury to my spirit that I can hardly speak of it even in this private journal. and now, here at the conference,

redicule heaped upon scom.

God, grant me the strength of will to contime this quest! sometimes my resolve almost fails me. This week I gave two brilliant papers on mainstream topics in medieval literature; yet everywhere I went, it was Here comes Sir Galdhad, "and "Heard you were at the North Pole seeking the historical ranta Claus," and "Have a chair, Jones, we've saved the siege Perilous for you!" This last from Carruthers, who is still 5 marting from that little comedy in san trancisco luo years ago when he was boasting about his acquisition of a genune 15 th-century Inca funeral win" from some antiquities dealer in Bolivia. Tim sure I un barrassed him when I printed out the tiny in scription just under the lip, the one that said "Made in Japan."

And the other day he returned the favor.

Blast it to blages! I should be oblivious

to such condescension - God knows The subjected myself to it long enough-but I had to
resist the urge to land him one on that
smug little grin of his. Right. Henry Jones,
the white hope of Las Mesas. Perhaps I am
not worthy of finding the Grail after all.

Aboard the steamer George S. Pilkington.
The North atlantic
June 29, 1920

earnest! Can it really have been fourtien years since I last sow the Old World?
The Great War is over, Europe is unlocked once again, and I have a year to poke around in rivus and libraries he fore I resume my duties - at Princeton! My

"legit invate" scholar ship has gained sufficient stat recognition that I have been granted tenure at that distinguished institution, despite what the academic community regards as my fanciful disession. I am not sorry to have four Corners. I have appreciated the solitude of the desert, but it is too far from the mainstream of medieval scholar ship and it contains far too many memories of Many.

And of Sunion. He truly loved Colorado, for all he decided that the state wasn't hig enough for both of us; and his systematic explinations of the old anasagi ruins during the year before he lift frome game me hope that I had indeed raised a scholar.

I have no idea where my son is. I pray that he is alive, healthy, and not in prison. It still breaks my heart that he scarned the opportunity for a university education-not to mention his own father- for a life devoted to dissi-

pation and run. Wherever he is, I assume he is at thus moment galloping across open country on horselack, tearing about in an automobile, or getting some young girl in trouble . West this evening on The promenade deck I was talking to a young lady I met at dinner with my own thoughts of romance - until I realof bemale emancipation, speakersies, and the exaudatous theories of Dr. Signund Frend was a girl of the Jame age as Junion! It made me feel very all)

Offord, England

July 14, 1920

I am in my see ment. I have spent the past ten days combing the arthurian collec-Tions in the British Museum in London and the Bodelian library here. Marcus Bridy has become an autiquarian and has been most useful. He has introduced me to a number of scholars who are supporture of my work. One is a young German Sesuit, Brother

Matthins, who despite the under-Mandable British hostility toward "the Hun" is well regarded in university circles here. Matthius is a Ludent of the life and works of albers Hildeyard of Burgen, The celebrated 12-century religious poet, visionary and musical composer; and he informs me that Centain rare manuscripts of the abbess's book of west visions contain Grail references.

Unfortunately Professor Hawken died in the influence epidemic last winter, but I have been allowed to see the avergovenney manuscript. Hawken was not interested in Grail love and spoke of the permits vision only in passing. We are of to Wales tomorrow to make

further unestigations.

"The Purple Gragon" Mochdref, Wales July 27. 1920

Eureta! Just when I was beginning to suspect that this Welsh wearson was a wild goose chase, we stimbled upon this village. A local folk legend has it that

The poet Taliesin, whom the chronicles speak of as a pupil and companion of Merlin, came to this valley after the death of arthur and the breaking of the fellowship of the Round Table. The natives were most avid informants once I had proved my worthimess by quoting and of Taliesius norses to Their (and by matching them drink for drink in the common rom of the ini.) Takes in was reputed to be a shape-changer, and one of the local haditions is that the part would often take the form of an eagle and observe the knights disporting themselves. Un occasion he is said to have gazed upon sir Kerceval in his hermitage (NB: not Galarad, as in the later accounts.) after he had fulfilled the quest of the Grail; and of the sacred relie the bard sang a verse that I have recorded elsewhere in this motelook.

norning with an are-blade in my skull, son a straw cot in the local jail. I will

admit to having had a lut too much to drusk last night, but only the solemn confirmation of a desper witnesses conriodes me that I was indeed ended the accorning standing on the har of "The Purple Dragon," roaning out a medley of Tale college sings. It did not make mallers any easier What it took Brody most of the morning to find his way There to pay my fine. How a man who can sinell out a rare manuscript with the in shired of a blood fround can get lost in a village of twenty houses is a myslery known only to the orestor.

Sankt-Gallen Snit perland September 4, 1920

It is as Brather Matthius promised! The library of this ancient abbey contains a volume by abbess Hildegard of Bingen, in her own hand, in which she recounts a

vision of the cup of Christ!

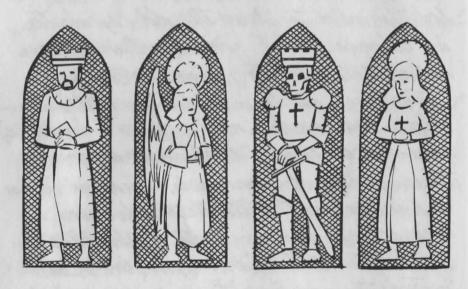
The incident is dated 1163. There exists a published Book of the Visions of St.

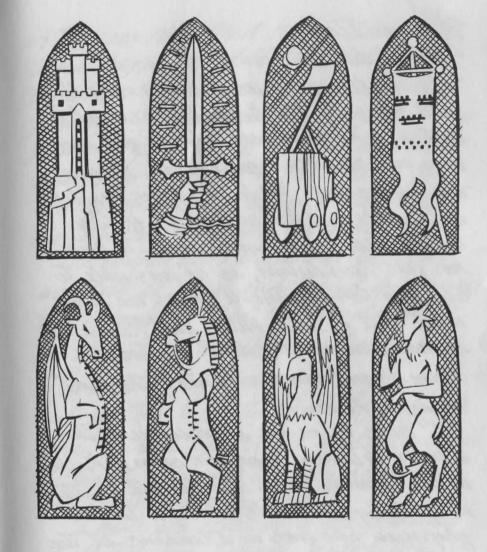
Hildegard, compiled by the sisters of her convent; but the last revelation in that volume is dated 1155. The Albers is known to have lived witil 1179, and the St. Gallen codex clearly represents misions of the last 24 years of the celebrated mystics life. I perused it carefully but found no other references to the Grail.

I have excerpted Hildegard's description of the Grail elsewhere in This note book, but I remain purpled by two features of the manuscript. The bottom of the page on which this vision is reconsted appears a line of music with the annotation PER HOS SONOS SEPULCRUM APERIES - "by these tones you shall open the tomb." The abbess was a noted musician; but this is the only place in this particular codey where a musical reference appears.

"Sepulorum" probably refers to the Holy Sepulchre in Verdesalem. I have copied The music - "neumes," - I believe the medieval notes were called - and the master of the chapel here has graciously Transcribed Them into modern notes. But for now their significance remains a mystery, much like the Coptic cipher in Codirollis Constantinople parchment. CI look forward to seeing the old reprobate in Bologna, but I first must make an un scheduled Rhine journey to Birgen.)

The other oddity is a cluster of illuminations that appear on the opposite (doverse) page: twelve medieval images, in three groups of four each, rendered in an individual ineal style that is far more characteristic of fifteenth rather than of twelfth-century art. Upon close exammation, the parch ment page on which these drawings appear proved to be of an entirely different quality and provenance— Than the rest of the codex—as if the volume had been rebound and the new leaf added at some time after the nanuscript was written. I reproduce these drawings here, though their relevance, if any, to the diject of my Quest must for now remain obscure.





Balogna. Italy September 29, 1920

Coderalli continues to amage me. He is part seventy, but his energy is equal to That of a wenty-year-old. Right non he is out carousing somewhere, leaving me to pore over the fruits of his remarkable labors of the war years. Hoslile borders have been no barrier to hum, nor has revolution, as he was able to slip into Constantinople (or, as we now must call it, Istanbul!) and Russia lor, as we now must call it, the soviet Union!!) and bring out some of the most among items.

I have before me a parchment, this wonder of tained from the ruin of Kaffa, in the Crimea. It is a testament written in good Byzantine Greek by a Sewish physician who was in attendance at the death of a Franciscan friar in that city

in the year 1267. As it happens, in one of those happy accidents of scholarship, this was the same Franciscan who painted the Grant Crucifixion I saw so many years ago at Klasen heim-the friar who was said to have met a crusading knight who claimed that he and his brothers had found the Grail!

The physician relates that the from was sich at heart and fearful of dammetion he cause he "had known for years of the location of the Holy Grail and failed to restore it to Christendom for fear he was not worthy to feel the breath of God and line, to tread upon [?] The word of God and he saved, or to walk the path of God and not tumble into the abyss."

I have no clue as to the meaning of all this, but I must believe that to one armed with the proper knowledge

it provides directions to the location of the Gnail!

also before me is a translation of anolder account of a Bygantine merchant which offers yet another and confounding description of the dem. Its provenance -Russia - and its date - the mid-10th centuryunply a connection with the fragment I found at Cantaney that refers to the Vikings having Stolen the Grail from Iona. From Kier, with all the trading and raiding That going on during those centuries, it could easily have made its way south to where it could have been found by purights of the First Courade.

Bingen was a west. There was notining in the voluminous manuscripts of
Albers Hildegard that yielded a clue to
the nussical notes in the St. Gallen
codes; and seeing the devastation

wrought in the Phineland by the war was dismaying. But what a journey this has been! A few more findings such as these and I may discover the Grail before I must return home!

Aboard the steamer atalanta
The North Atlantic
June 21, 1921

Midsummer day. The atalanta is steaming westward across a perfectly calm sea, bearing me have from what I must on valance consider à failed voyage. The heady successes of the summer months have been over shadowed by the three subsequent seasons of false trails, blend alleys and near hisses - in Italy, Germany, the Balkans, Turkey and the Near Tast. I will not say that the year was without its joys - the Holy Land was a precious experience, to say inclining of my encounter with Lady E! - hul' as

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regards my quest, exerything after Bologna was disappointment and frustration.

yet I have Princeton to look forward to, men adventures in scholar ship and future opportunities to return to the Old World. I am only forty-fine, and I have Codinolli to look at as an example of what can be accomplished at an advanced age. The search for the Grail is a lifetime guest. I was summoned to this mission two decades ago, and I can only believe that I have been chosen by some higher power to fulfill it.

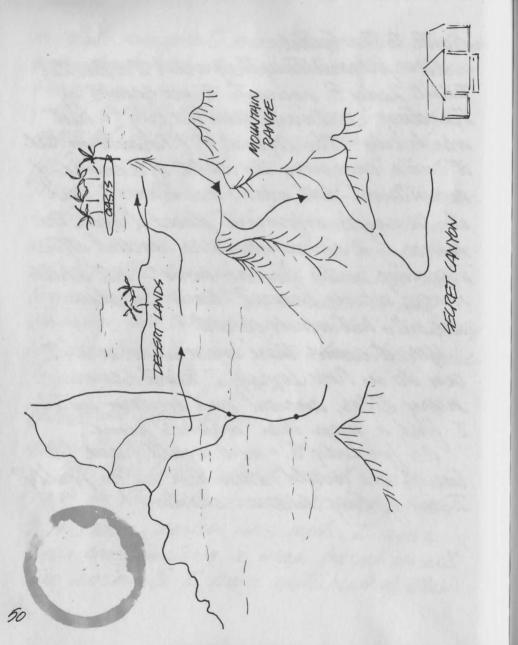
Prince ton, New Versey June 19, 1923

as sherlock Holines neight say, I am back on the case. Since receiving Lady E's letter earlier this week, I have been constructing a map, based on all the accounts I have gathered of the

route to the Grail.

How fragmentary they are! The Burton tidbit Lady & recounts to me speaks of traveling "eastward from the city" - but which city? The legend of Klasenheim had it "in a campon in the midst of a range of mountains" - but which mountains? and al-pusafir's informant placed it near the source of a riner which he reached after traveling south from an oasis" - but which river; which casis? "Oasis" implies desert - but which desert?

yes, it seems there is useful research I.
can do in New Lersey. I must scour
every atlas, ancient and modern, until
I find a map that matches nine.
As for Lady 2. - who would have believed the would remember me so fordly?
I am feeling like a schooling!



Princeton May 29, 1927

The news out of Egypt has held me in Thrall all this Gening. I have haunted caule offices and made daily phone calls to the wire services in New York, auxious to receive every tidlet of news about Hanse's discovery as it he comes available. While everyone else in the world seems to he sestatic over this Lindberg fellow, it is The papyrus unearthed at Konra that has danned my undivided attention. If the scroll is authentically "the gospel according to Joseph of animather," then it's description of the Grail could be the authentic one. and even if it suit, it may prove to have some connection with Cadinollis Coptic cipner.

Poor Codirolli! My urgant de sire to get to Egypt and examine the Hawes papyour is mitigated by his senseless death last year in Rome, an old man beaten

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to death in the street for making an obscene gesture at one of il duci's Fascist hully-loys. I have lost a good friend, an invaluable colleague, and for now, at least, my taste for travel as well.

Iron ically it was the same journal that carried the news of his death that brought me my first news of Junior in more than a decade. at least I assume that the "Dr. Indiana Vones" spoken of in connection with the Kavenwood expedition in Sinking is my son! I am gratified to learn that he is alive and has larned his doctorate- but Indiana? It was our dog's name in Las Mesas. The bay continues pointedly to wound me. I whote him a letter in case of Ravenwood at Chicago addressed to Dr. Henry Jones, In., but I have yet to receive a reply.

Caulisidge, Massachusetts October 2, 1928

Have seen the Hawes papyous at last. I pane nothing to add to the controversy over its genumeness, about which only a theologian would care. It is clearly of great antiquity and of interest to historiaus whether or not it is really an exercit ness account of Joseph of arimathea. It is a transcription and a translation in any case: Voseph would have were untilen in anaic or perhaps Greek, certainly not Captic, which did not wist as a wrillen language until perhaps 200 AD. Only when I find the object of my quest will I be able to attest to The accuracy of the author's description.

To I sound discomaged? Perhaps I am, after all these years of false tropes, flinsy discoveries and disappointments? Perhaps I am. The search for the Holy Grail is the search for the Holy Grail is the search for the apark of the divine in all of us. But just now I feel all too mortal, and I

bear I have wasted my life in pursuit

Salislary, England September 17 1930

I am shivering, but neither from cold

nor from pear.

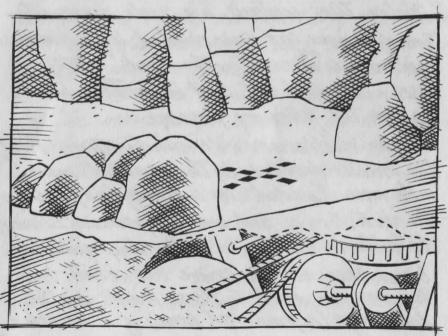
I write this entry in a cell that has graciously been leut to me by one of the canons of the Cathedral, where in a secret alcove high up in the buildings Somework a badly damaged copy of a diary of It. anselm was found this summer by a mason making repairs. Brody advised me by calle last month of the discovery. How the manuscript carrie to be here instead of at Canterluny, where awalin was archivistrop, I'do not know; but it appears to have been hidden away hecause of one very un- anseluntial visionary fine lacuna that some priest may have adjudged "Satanic". Thank God This did not destray the manuscript

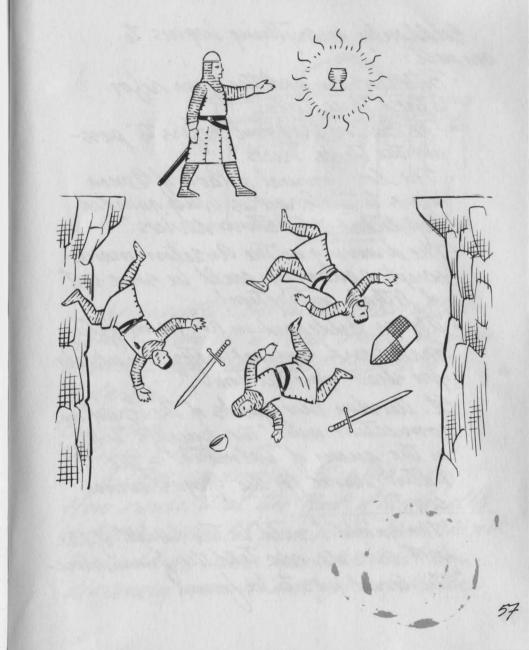
utterly! The passage sellins to date from the perind of the great theologians exile from England. In the mudst of a typical philosophical discourse on the mature of God the Father, auselin woke of and wrote the WORDS EQUESTRI SEPULCRUM IN COUSCURED) REGINA (obscured) DALMATIAE - the knights tomb in (the crypt of?) Queen (her name?) of Dalmatia.

Below this sentence is a crude representation of a wine cup surrounded by a rimbus over which a unitten the words CHRISTI CALIX - CUP of Christ. and below this was

written the following passage:

The deallanges will rumber three First, the breath of God; only the pendent man will pass. Second, the word of God; onlyin The pootsteps of God will he proceed. Third, The palls of God; only in the leap from the lion's head will be prove his worth . In The margin ment to these words are two drawings (reproduced here) of a mechanical device resembling a pendustion, and a man, seeming by walking on air. The breath of God, the word of God, the path of God - the same enigmatic words that were spoken were than a century and a half after St. anseluis death by the Franciscan friar who know the location of the Grail-spoken as if they were tests of some kind that he was unwertly to pass.





connect:

to these three tests.

· The Buston fragment refers to "pass-ing the three trials."

. The lost journal of laolo of Genoa refers to the Grail as being quarded by "lethal protective devices."

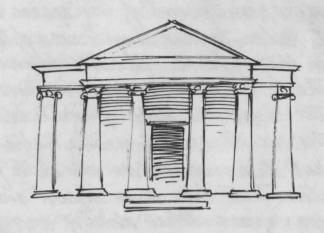
· The drawing in the anselm manuscript certainly could be some soit

of lethal contraption!

· alless Hildegard in her vision of the Grail heard musical notes "by which you shall open the tout."

. St. Anselin here speaks of the Grail in connection with "the knight's tornt Latin name for the Jugoslavian coast.

"The knight "could be the knight of the first crusade who tald the friar where the Grail was to be found.



The knight's Tomb in the queen of Dal-matia! I am off to Paris tom orrow, from whence I take the Orient Express to Belgrade!

Princeton

October 1. 1932 Letter came from Stanling today. How wonic that the Book of the Spells of Merles should turn up in Dubrownik! I would be more excited about his discovery were it not for my litter

disappointment of two years ago when I failed to find any trace of the grail in Jugoslavia. The Merlin account of The Grail provides some connection -The aranaic inscription is identical to The one described in the Kaffa parchmentbut it leaves me no closer to founding the item wat has now eluded me for thirtyfour years. What does it look like? I now have ten descriptions of the Grail, each one unique. Where is it located? I have an almost useless mas and a cryptic reference to a knight's tomb "in the queen of Dalmatia " that may be opened ly a musical phrase. Danke schon, Herr Stanling, but unfortunately your discovery comes under the heading of two little, too late.

ne through the popular press, most recently from Indo-China where he is apparently in pursuit of a jade idal-

The demon monkey of Lacing-Tran"- that is said to possess some sort of occult power. I simply can't under stand his disession with such fanciful non-some.

My God, what will he be after next?

The lost cities of Cibola? The ark of the covenant? Here could I have raised such a son?

and why must he insist on going by

that ridiculous name?

New York December 9, 1937

What a fool I have been! I better have held the key to the Grail in my hand for more than seven years and

have failed to recognize it!

Pot Gugoslavia but Venice. The cryptic reference in the anselm manuscript should be reconstructed as EQUESTRI SEPULCRUM IN URBE REGINA MARIS DALMATIAE"The knight's Tomb (is) in the queen city

of the sea of Dalmatia - that is, the adriatic. Venice - the Queen of the adriatic - is where I will find the pright's touch lind within the time is to he found a "marker" that locates the Grail 1

How I came by this prombledge is a tale too long to relate in detail in my excitement of the moment. I am in a luxury suite in the Playa Hotel, provided me by one Walter Donovan, a wealthy industrialist and collector of antiquities who has long been a benefactor of scholarly institutions and musetims. He is in possession of the frians chronicle - the frian, The one who died at Kaffa, the one who learned of the Grail's location from the 150-year-old-Crusader, et cetera, et cetera - and, more astonishingly, of an incomplete stone tablet which the three brothers left as a "marker" to seekers of the Grail. Donovan has allowed me to make a rubbing of the partial inscription on The tablet; but

according to the friar's account, a second "marker" that may lead to the grail is luried with the knights brother. The knights land!

My unsight concerning Venice I have kept to myself. Ponovan is as anxious to find this second marker as I'am; he has a great deal of money to spend on the project, and toright he has asked not to lead his research team. Us soon as I can extricate myself from my deligations at Princeton, I ain to sailno, fly - to Berlin to meet with In Schneider who will be worting on the project with me. I do not intend to mention Vanice until I am ready to depart. Donovan may well have this Schneider hegin The investigation without me. The newer heard of any Schneider. Must ask stanking if he knows him.). Besides, it will be rather embarassing if I am proven

But I am sight. This time I am sure of it.

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Written by Mark Falstein Art direction by Mark Shepard Hand lettering by Jayne Orgood Illustrations by Steve Purcell

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